## National Republican.

VOL. II.

WASHINGTON, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 15, 1862

NO. 43.

## FINLEY BIGGER, (inte Register of the U.S FINLEY BIGGER, the mean report of the framery, and CHa HLES W. SHERMAN, Counbillors at Law, will devote their suiter attention to the prosecution and estiment of demands against the United States, growing out of the present war, seeking the Accounts and "laims of States, Contractors, and Disbursing Officers; applications for the restoration of property literally slessed or captured, and for compensation for the use of private property for Government purposes, and for damages for the injury of such property by the army; for military pay, pensions, and bounty lands; and for distributive shares of monies payable at the Treacury and due to sub contractors and others. They will also give legal advice to claimants, contractors, and to unprofessional agents is litigated same; and prepare written arguments when desired

made.

Undisputed Demand: will be collected and womptly remitted for a commission of from a half it two and a half per cont—depending on the amount; and negotiations with the Departments con sucted on moderate terms.

By pronpt attention, moderate charges, long experience, and a minute knowledge of the of laws, regulations, rules and procederts, governing this law of business at the Departments, they hope to render their services useful to claimants and public resisters.

graditors.

Reference may be made to Members of Congress, and officers of the Government; and especially, by permission, to the Hon. ELDMA WHITTLESSY, First Comptroller of the Treasury. B. a SHEKEMAN, Address.—Heers BIGG R. a SHEKEMAN, Office, NO. 215 F street, near Treasury, and Wilards' Hotel.



## CHARLES' LONDON

CORDIAL GIN

Is di ti'led in Lordon, and put up cole iy in quart and pint bottles, to meet the requirements of tiles, and those to whom Pure and Unadulterated liquor is a Meccenity or a Luxury.

It is the oldest established of all the Gins (1) which have started into existence upon the basis of twell-deserved and hard earned celebrity.

It has no domestion with and is in no way like the trachy mixtures sold as "Exotias Gin" or "OLD Tox," or "C. Lordons Gin," or "Lordons Gin," or "re pectability" is assumed by their begetters.

Dr. Valentine Mott, of New York, says: "It is a preferable to even rous Holland Gin, and is the a critical of it kind? Anne mer zem." So say thousands of physicians

The Mey York Herald says: "We are surroused.

The New York Herald says: "We are surpris-its beneficial effects; it is a certain safe guard

The Philadelphia Ledger says: "It has no superior, if an equal, in medicin I virtues " The How Orleans Picayune says: "There is no medy on earth for dyspepala equal to it." The Boston Journal says: "As a beverage, as preventive of as a remodula agent, we want no other it is our code mecum."

en of America, for you it is particularl In sickness or health, it is your greates

B. BALDWIN & CO., Sola Important, Of Liberty street New York. Washington by
LOVELL, COLLES & CO.,
316 E street, near Pa. avenue,
And dealers generally.

BATES & WOOD. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

ARMY AND NAVY SUPPLIES, CONSISTING OF

tokies, Preceives, Truits, Oblives Saud Jellies, Fruits, Choice Relishes, Condensed Milk, Mustards, PRESERVED MEATS, FISH, SOUPS, &c. Pure Wines and Liquors by the Package.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

AGE Agents for Tilden's Extract of Coffee, with Bugar and Milk combined. 230 Pennsylvania avenue, WASHINGTON, D. C.

HO. FOR THE CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS!

At JOS, SHAFFIELDS,

380 Sixth street, Bet. G and H.
Large assortments of Pound, Fruit, and Fanoy
Cakes, now ready, suitable for Freents, and made or
the best materials. Grat variety of Fanoy Boxes
Large as orment of Freent Candles, Bon Bon,
French and American Sugar Toys, Fruits, and Cordials, with a large asortment of other Confectioneries, which I will sell at the lowest prises, to suit
the times. Flease call and a.e. for yourself better
you buy anywhere clee. Ice Uream and Water
lose \$1.00 per gallon. Bend your orders only
dee 12

CHAGARAY INSTITUTE. 1527 and 1529 Spruce street, PHILADELPHIA

This Institute, co. ducted for two years past, in the city of Philadelphia, by Madaus Cardara and har ale.e. Madaus D'Harville, upon the same principles as the one in New York, estab-ished there in the year 1811, will respen after the Carlotten bolidays, a Manday, January 6th, with its usual ample and complete provision for the educati a Cyong Ladies under the direction of Madaus D'Hervilly. Cl culars, and all requisite information can be obtained on application to the Principalian 6-1m

TO THE OFFICERS OF THE ARMY. Just arrived, a direct importation per steamer Fulton, from Europe, a very fice and large amortment of Marine, Opera, Field Glasses, and Telescopes, which I will sell a very little above the cost in Farls. As to the qualities, there are none superior to be had, having been selected purposely for this market. Also, a large and well assorted stock of Opera Glasses, incressorpes, gold, cliver, and steel Speciacies and Kyr Glasses, suited to the sight by the use of an Optometer. A considerable number of certifica eas to be seen at my office, from gentlemen who have been suited at my old establishment.



426 Pennsylvania avenue, between Pour-and-ahalf and Sixth Streets.

My Katabilahment la up staire. Classes filled to suit. The trade supplied out 10-1y

THE UNION WILL STAND,
NO MATTER WHO'S PRESIDENT!
Consequently, I shall remain in Washington, and
continue to pursue my occupation of
HCUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMINTAL
THAT IN TIME 1

GILDING in all its branches. Old GIAZING promptly stiended to Painting and Ornamenting Cottage Furniture, in the best style. I also call at tention to the Painting of Koois and Brick Walls. All the above i will do as cleap as the cheapest I therefore soliofi the patronage of my friendesan ellow-citizens of the District Punctuality strictly observed, and work done in the best manner. You will please mind your stops, and stop at M. T. PARKES B. Painting Establishment, No. 55 Lou-slamp avenue (north side), between flixth and Sevonth acress P. S.—Signs put up free of charge, as usual.

CTTIME THE COLD AND STATES HELW BOTD,

Bight.
HELMBOLD S SUCHU for Mobility and Residences, with Want of Attention and Horror

Pemales, Females, Females, Females, Females, Females. TAKE NO MORE PILLS, TAKE NO MORE PILLS.

Use HELMBOLD S EXTRACT BUCHU for all omplaints incident to the sex.

No Family Should be Without It! TAKE NO MORE BALSAM or Injurious an Inpleasant Medicine for unpleasant and Dangerou

Use HEI-MBOI-D'S EXTRACT BUCHU for Ex-Coases arming from habits indulged in

By Young and Old,

And for diseases arising from flabits of Dissipation.
It removes all improper discharges, and will restore
the patient in a short time to a state of Health and
Purity
Use HELWBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for Diseases and Affections of the most Di-tressing Character.

Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all Affections and Discares of the Urinary Organs, Whether existing in
Male or Female,
from whatever cause originaling, and no mati
flow Long Standling.
All or the above diseases and symptoms adm
the same treatment, and may originate from

he came treatment, and ame came ame came.

Read! Read! Read! Read | Read | Read! HELMBOLD'S BUCHU is safe, and pleasasts and odor, but immediate in its action.

Personally appeared before me, an Alderman of the city of Philadelphia, H. T. HELM BOLD, Chem it, who, being duly swern does any this his preparation contains no Narcotle, Mercury, or injurious drug, but is purely Vegetable.

H. T. HELMBOLD,
Bole Manufacturer.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 23d day ovember, 1864. WM. P. HIBBARD,

A Trial Costs but a Dollar-Try It, and be convinced of its efficacy. And it is accommanded by reliable and responsible certificates from releasors of Medical Colleges, Clergymen, and

Prepared by H. T. HELMBOLD,
Practical and Analytical Chemist,
104 South Tenth street, below Chestnut,
Philadelphia NECESSARY CAUTION.—Should unprinciple Dealers try to palm off another article, which par a better profit and is worthless.

ASK FOR HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. TAKE NO OTHER. CURES GUARANTEED.

Sold by Z. D. GILMAN

KIDWKLL & LAWRENCK,

8. B. WAITE,

5. C. FORD,

JOHN WILLEY,

S. B. ENTWISTLE,

J. R. MAJOR

And by all Druggists everywhere.

Cut this out—send or call for it, and avoid MANCIPATION AND THE WAR.

compensation Essential to Peace and Civilization.

a which it is made apparent that the re of the country are three-fold gre-than the emergency, which will call for little, if any, ad-ditional taxation.

BY DANIEL R. GOODLOR, OF NORTH CAROLINA Price 5 cents Sold at

AD AMBON'S
478 Seventh street,
Opposite General Post Office. CARD PORTRAITS OF THE

Having the wholesale agency for these Portra'ts or the life rict, I am prepared to furnish Suthrs and Dealers with them at the very lowest rates Portratts of particular officers will be got up on eaconable terms. reaconable terms.

New Pictures, just received, of General MacCall,
General McDowell, General Hallock, General Shar-man, Comp. odore Wilkes, Lieutenant Fairfax, Col

General McDown Wilkes, Lieutenand Commodore Wilkes, Lieutenand Commodore Wilkes, Lieutenand Comel Geory, and others.

New ones added to our stock delly.

32 U. ion Stationery Packet No 2, just issued. This Packet con aims better value for the money than any other Packet in the market. The Manual Common Stationer.

WM. BALLANTYNE, Stationer.

Brtween D and E. DUID WINES AND BRANDLES.

Having received a consignment of Zimmermann et al. S Cincinnati Chio Catawba Wines and Brandles et herefore offer to Druggists, Grocers, Hotel and alcon Keepers, &c.

and the latter in half barrels for mixing and cooking Sweet Catawba or Ladles' Wine

in barrels and half barrels, for table use; a ver-superior article for the holidays.

CATAWBABBANDY,

An ansurpassable stimulant and very useful fo Brandy I unch. LYLE & COFFIN,

dec. 16—1m. 50 Louisiana avenue. [Star & Intel.] QUARTERMASTER
GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington City. December 26, 1861.
The Secretary of War directs that no more horser
be bought until all now belonging to the Govern
ment are in active service.
The attention of all quartermasters of the regulaand volunteer army it called to the above order
from the Secretary of War.
M. C. MEIGS.

M. C. MEIGS. Quartermaster General United States dec 27-cod10t

WALL, STEPHENS & CO., MILITARY AND NAVAL MERCHANT TAILORS,
AND DEALEMS
SWORDS. SASHES, BELTS, EFAULETS,
SHOULDER STRAF GAUNTLETS,
GLOVES, 'L.
AND EVERY VARIETY OF

READY-MADE CLOTHING, At reseasable prices.
WALL, STEPHENS & CO.,
322 Fennsylvania avenue,
between 5th and 10th streets. RAILROADS, ETC.

PASSENGER TRAINS TO AND PROM

Winter Schedule. SPECIAL NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

On and after MONDAY, December 9, 1861, the Passenger Trains between Washington and Battimore will run as follows:

TRAINS MOVING NORTH.

Morning Express leave Washington 6 oo s. m. Arrive at Baltimore 7.5c s m.; Fhiladelphis 12.5c p. m.; New York 6 p. m.; Harrisburg 1.15 p. m. st 7 do s. m. Arrive at Baltimore 8.0c s 30 s. m. No consections at Baltimore.

New York 10 p. m.; Harrisburg 30 s. m. No consections at Baltimore 18.4c p. m.; Philadelphis 5.37 p. m.; New York 10 p. m.

Arrive at Baltimore 18.4c p. m.; Philadelphis 5.37 p. m.; New York 10 p. m.

Arrive at Baltimore 6.5c p. m.; Philadelphis 10.00 p. m.

Evening Express leave Washington 5.p. m. Arrive at Baltimore 6.5c p. m.; Philadelphis 10.00 p. m.

Evening Express leave Washington 5.p. m. Ar

p. m. Arrive at Battimore 6.55 p. m.; Finisceipnis 10.63 p. m.
Evening Express leave Washington 5 p. m. Ar-rive at Baltimore 8.65 p. m.; Finisdeiphis 10.85 p. m.; rive at Baltimore 8.65 p. m.; Philadeiphis 10.85 p. m.; rib Bundays at 5.05 and 5.00 p. m. only. The 5.00 p. m. train from Washington connects through to New York sty a. m.; Philadeiphis 11.80 a. m.; Baltimore 4.00 p. m. Arrive at Washington 5 & p. m.

Leave New York at 11 p. m.; Philadelphia 3.30 a .; Baltimore 7.35 a. m. Arrive at Washington

.m.; Baltimore 7.00 m. n. 9.25 a. m. Accommodation Trains leave Baltimore at 9 a. m. and 5 r. m. for Washington; arrive there at 11 a. m. Accommodation Trains leave Baltimore at 9 a. m and 5 y. m. for Washington; arrive there at 11 a. m and 7 p. m.
On Sundays at 4 20 and 7.85 a. m. only.
Passenger Trains leaving Washington at 7.40 a. m and 3 06 p. m., and Baltimore at 7.55 a. m. and 4.00 p. m., make direct connections for Annapolis at the Junction.

Yunction
Trains leave Annapolis for Baltimore and Washington at 6.50 a. m. and 2.49 p. m.
Passenger Trains leaving Washington at 6.00 a. m.
I a. m. and 5 p. m., and Baltimore at 4.50 and 7.55
t. m. and 3 50 p. m., will stop only at Annapolis Junction and Washington (Relay) Junction.
Way Passengers must take the Accommodation Trains

Trains will leave Washing.on and Baltimore promptly upon card time.

J. T. ENGLAND, Station, Baltimore G. F. GILBERT, Agent, at Washington.

NORTHERN CENTRAL BAILWAY. rtest, quickest, and best route from I WEST, NORTH, AND NORTHWEST. WINTER SCHEDULE.

CHANGE OF TIME. On and after Sunday, 54th November, Passengel Frains will arrive and depart from Calvert Station

TRAINS NORTH LEAVE. TRAINS NORTH LEAV. 8.50 A M.

5 Express 5.00 F M.

20 Accommodation 5.50 F M.

TRAINS SOUTH ARRIVS.

20 Accommodation 1. 8.00 A M.

10 Express 5.50 A M.

21 Accommodation 2. 8.00 A M.

22 Accommodation 2. 8.00 A M.

23 Accommodation 2. 8.00 A M.

24 Accommodation 2. 8.00 A M.

25 Accommodation 2. 8.00 A M.

26 Accommodation 2. 8.00 A M.

27 Accommodation 2. 8.00 A M.

28 Accommodation 2. 8.00 A M.

2 6 A. M. Train from Washington connects with 20 A. M. Train from Baltimore for the West. Dr. Buffalo, Elmirs, Boohester, Dunkirk, Canan, a, and Niagara Falls, and for New York

one Rottiwes, and Elmira and Bullio and Ro-chester.

The 5.00 P. M. Train from Washington connects with the 8 50 P. M. Train from Baltimore for Pitts-burg, Harrisburg, and the West, and is a direct con-nection for Lebanon, Raston, Allentown, and New York, via Central Railroad of New Jersey.

Try this route to New York.

22 The only Train leaving Baltimore on Sunday is the 8.00 P. M. Train, for Harrisburg, Pittaburg, Chicago and the West.

The only Train a riving in Baltimore on Sunday is the 8.00 A. M. Train.

BO A. M. Train.

BO CLARKE, Sup't.

WINTER ARMANGEMENT. Philadelphia, Wilmington, and Baltimore

RAILROAD. Oa and after MONDAY, NOV. 18, 1861,

PASSENGER TRAINS LEAVE PHILADEL-PHIA: For Baltimore, at 5.30 a. m., 5.15 a. m., 11.35 a. m., (Express.) and 10.50 p. m. For Chester, at 8.15 a. m., 11.36 a. m., 3.45 and 10.60 p. m. For Wilmington, at 8.30 s. m., 8.16 s. m., 11.35 s. m., 8.46 and 10.50 p m.
For New Caetle, at 8.15 s. m. and 3.45 p. m.
For Dover, at 8.15 s. m. and 3.45 p. m.
For Milrord, at 8.15 s. m.
For Milrord, at 8.15 s. m.

For ballsbury, at 8 15 a m.

TRAINS FOR PHILADELPHIA
Leave Ballimore at 8 80 a m. (Express.) 1.06 p.
m. (Express.) 5 20 and 7 p. m. (Express.) 1.06 p.
m. (Express.) 5 20 and 7 p. m. (Express.)
Leave Wilmington at 7.00 and 1.80 a. m., 4 16,
4.6, and 9.00 p. m.
Leave Sali-bury at 9 85 p. m.
Leave Milbord at 4.00 p. m.
Leave Dover at 9 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.
Leave Chester at 8 20 a m., 18 15, 4.59, and 9.30
b. m.

p. m. Leave Haltimore for Salisbury and intermediate stations at 5 20 and 7 p. m.; for Dover and intermediate stations, at 1.05 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BALTIMORE

Leave Chester at 8 48 a. m., 12 08 and 11.30 p. m.

Leave Witnington at 4 30 a. m., 9.18 a. m., 12 18

m , and 1 a m. FREIGHT THAIN, with Passenger Carattache will run as to lows:
Leave Philadelphia, for Perryville and intermediate places, at 5.10 p. m.
Leave Wilmington, for Perryville and intermediate places, at 7.10 p. m.
Leave Baltimore, for Havre de-Grace and intermediate stations, at 9 a. m.
ON SUNDAYS ONLY:
At 3 80 a. m. and 10.50 p. m. from Philadelphia to Baltimore.

Novice.

"Adams Express Company."

This Company offers to the publis "Unequalled Advantages" for the "Safe and Quick Depatch" of Heavy Freights, Fackages, Valuables, Money, &c., to all parts of the United States.

Expresses to and from the North and West departition and arrive in Washington twice deliy. All Expresses are in charge of esperienced and reliable Measurement. Messengers.
All Fackages for "The Soldiers" carried at "One
Half" our usual rates.
All goods for the so-called "Confederates States,"
and all articles "Contraband of War," will be an roasn.
Our Expresser leave New York at 1, 5 and 6 P. M.
arriving in Washington at 5 A. M. and 5 30 P. M.
Expresses leave Philadelphia at 43 0 A. M. and 1 10
M. arriving in Washington 5.30 P. M. and 4 A. M.
Expresses leave Baltimore at 4.30 A. M. and 2 44
P. M., arriving in Washington at 6 A. M. and 8.30
P. M., arriving in Washington at 6 A. M. and 8.30

P.M. Expresses for all points North and West leave Washington daily at 7.30 A. M and 9 30 P. M. Special Contracts for large quantities of Freight can be made on application at this office.

All goods called for and delivered free of extra charge.

Washington, ugust 22. '61 ang Express Co. Washington, ugust 22. '61 ang Express Co.

WRAPPING PAPER

GOVERNMENT ADV'TS.

DENSION OFFICE, JUNE 6, 1861.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

Application having been made under the not of \$2d
June, 1800, for the reissue of the land Warrants desouthed herein, which are alleged to have been lost
or destroyed, notice is hereby given that, at the date
following the description of each warrant, a new
orviticate of like tenor will be issued, if no valid obleation should then appear.

following the description of each warraut, a new certificate of like tenor will be issued, if no valid objection should then appear.

No. 98.505, for 80 acres, issued under the act of March, 1855, in the name of Bineon Teamster, and was granted March 2005, 1886.

No. 88.503, for 160 acres, issued under the act of March, 1855, in the name of Mancy Johnson, widow of John Richarde, and was granted August 24th, 1850—1811 January, 1802.

No. 49.611, for 30 acres, issued under the act of March, 1855, is the name of Sarah, widow of Evert Vanviolic, 1886 was granted November 29, 1800—January 25, 1862.

January 25, 1862.

Re. 47.305, for 160 acres, issued under the act of March, 1856, in the name of Clyrus 8. Ward, minor child of Uyrus 8. Ward, decased, and was granted October 10, 1856—January 25, 1862.

No. 88.501, 507 130 acres, issued under the act of March 3, 1856, in the name of Joanna M. widow of John Van Buskirck, and was granted August 37, 1856.

No. 49.729, for 80 acres, issued under the act of March 3, 1856, in the name of Joanna M. widow of John Van Buskirck, and was granted August 37, 1856.

March 8, 1886, in the name of Joanna M, widow of John Van Buskirck, and was granted August 37, 1856.

No. 48, 729, for 80 aeres, issued under the act of March, 1856, in the name of Jasob Fookler, and was granted August 20, 1835—Pebrany 9, 1862.

No. 46, 469, for 80 aeres, issued under the act of March, 1856, in the name of Be-jamin Pack, and was granted on the 2d day of March, 1857—February 84, 1862.

No. 14,922, for 80 aeres, issued under the set of Reptember, 1846, in the name of John Denny, and was granted beptember 37, 1851—March 1: 1862.

No. 16,931, for 60 aeres, issued under the act of Reptember, 1860, in the name of John Barton, and was granted March 11: 1885—March 15, 1862.

No. 50,331, for 160 aeres, issued under the act of March, 1855, in the name of Barnsbus Cook, and was granted October 3, 1855—March 15, 182.

No. 50,339, for 160 aeres, issued under the act of March, 1855, in the name of Barnsbus Cook, and was granted Juste 22, 1865—March 15, 1862.

No. 50,3515, for 160 aeres, issued under the act of March, 1855, in the name of Horns J huson, and was granted Juste 22, 1885—March 15, 1862.

No. 36,3515, for 160 aeres, issued under the act of March, 1855, in the name of August 1 1856—March 183 1862.

No. 45,571, for 160 aeres, issued under the act of March, 1856, in the name of Juste 11, 1862.

No. 36,3511, for 160 aeres, issued under the act of March, 1856, in the name of Juste 11, 1862.

No. 45,571, for 160 aeres, issued under the act of March, 1856, in the name of Juste 11, 1862.

No. 45,571, for 160 aeres, issued under the act of March, 1856, in the name of Juste 11, 1862.

No. 45,571, for 160 aeres, issued under the act of March, 1856, in the name of August 7 1856—March 1831802.

than Beard and was granted August 1 1000—Blaren 23 1802.

No. 48 A71, for 100 scree, issued under the act of March, 1885, is the name of Isaiah Tasker, minor child of Elijah Tarker, decessed, \$6.4 was granted September 101h, 1850—March 122d 1802

No. 46, 40, 104, 104 accres, issued under the act of March, 1755, in the name of Rufus P. Woodford, and was granted January 28, 1854—March 21, 1802.

No. 51,450, for 120 acres, issued under the act of March, 1856, in the name of Jordan Hunt, and was granted August 7, 1856—March 27, 1802.

JOSEPH M. BARRENTT, Commissioner.

Anti-Rheumatic Band! PERMANENTLY CURSE RHEUMATISM, in its parious forms.

GOUT and NEURALGIA,
THEFINESS and NERVOUS APPROTIONS. INPURITIES of the BLOUD

And the Bell Effects of Mercury.

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It is a conveniently arranged Harn or Bell, containing a medicated compound, to be worn around the body, shout the wrist, squality arrangement arrangement of the work of the real person.

By this treatment, the medicanal person.

By this treatment, the medicanal person of the work work of the Harn, being of a sighly aroundie and vokable nature, and capable of being readily absorbed brough the process of the single of the state with the Blood and general circulation, without first passing through the process of direction, which would tend, not only to detract trom their curative powers but to impair the internal organs and deray ge the digestion also—thus avoiding the injurious effect, so often the result of internal remarks, and effecting a perfect cure, by purifying and equalizing the circulation of a vital fixed, and restoring the parts affected to a healthy consistent. Assay "as d will esting release the system from its pervicious effect.

Moderate cases are cured in a few days, and we are

Macural Asses " and will entirely reliese the system from its permissions effects.
Moderate cases are curved in a few days, and we are
constantly receiving undoubted testimonials—to which
we invite inspection at our office—of their efficacy in
aggravated cases of long standing.
Frice Two Dollars. Sent by mail upon receipt of
\$3, or by express everywhere, with all necessary in
structions, from the principal office of
G. BMITH & CU., Proprietors,
49 Broadway, New York.
N. B.—Descriptive circulars sent free.
aggravated will not interfere with the soldier's
duties

| MEW INVENTION OF ARTIFICIAL CHEOPLASTIC ROPE TERMIN, without metal plate or of teps, by D. R. S. 13. S. I.G. F. S. M. O. N. D. Ulo Broad way, New York; and 260 Fenna. avenue. Bet 12th and 13th ste., Washington, D. C., Calls the attention of the public to the following advantages of his impreved system:

1st The teeth of his manufasture will never corrode nor change color by any acide, and are three-fourthighter than any other.

2d. No teeth or roots need be extracted, as the artificial onescan be inserted over them.

3d. The roots will be made snoffensive and never to coche.

ad The roots will be made inoffensive and never to sohe.

3d. The roots will be made inoffensive and never to sohe.

4th. No temporary teeth are needed, as permanent ones can be made immediately, thereby preserving the natural expression of the face, which, under the old system, is frequently disfigured.

5th. This work has been fully tested, for over five years, by many of the first Chemista and Physicianof this and the old country.

Dr. 8. has also invented a white indestructible metal filling with which the most ensative teeth caube filled without pain, and can build up a perfect sound tooth on any side roots, which will last through a lifetime.

He refers to the following gentlemen: Dr. V. Mott Dr. Foremus, Professor of Chemistry, Hon. A Mann, Jun; Capt Orabirce, Vice President of the Emigration Co of New York; Hon. Judge Wayne, of the hupreme Court, of Washington, D. C.; and thousands of others.

Call and examine r yourselves.

RITTERHOUSE, PART, & CO., BANKERS,

352 Pennsylvania Avenue, issue DRAFTS on all parts of the United States, in ums to suit Officers and Soldiers. Also. Drafts on Loudon, Ireland, Sootland, Wales, and all portions of the continent of Europe.

Highest Price Paid in Gold for United States Treasury Notes of the different issues, and Highest Notes of the din. reason States Treasury Notes of the din. reason North recurrency.

Exchange on the principal cities North, payable in good or currency, sold to suit purchasers.

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No. 352 Pennsylvania avenue,

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RITTENHOUSE, FANT & CO., Bankers,
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10 reference, associate counsel, &c.

jan 4—tf.

CELECT SCHOOL FOR GIALS. \$12 Per Quarter, French and Music included. Mas A. ZAPPONE, Principal, No 61 K street, Near the Circle.

Furtished Rooms for Rent, on very moderate terms, in the same building. dec 31-tf

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN.

SWORD PRESENTATION.

On the evening of the 11th inst., the nurses and convalescents of the Indiana Hospital, in the Patent Office, in consideration of the high regard they entertained for Dr. J. N. GREEN, presented him with an elegant sword. The presentation address was prepared by Mr. P. Немринкув, and Mr. J. P. Butten made the presentation, in a manner quite creditable to bimself and acceptable to all parties.

The Doctor was gratified and surprised, a he had no previous knowledge of the intended compliment ; but, being at all times ready for any emergency, he replied to the address in

any emergency, he replied to the address in the following appropriate manner:

Lidies and Gentlemen, Friends and Fellowsoldiers: This is so unexpected, and takes me so by surprise, that I cannot find words to thank you for this generous expression of your confidence and esteem. I feel that this is entirely unmerited and undeserved on my part. I have but done my simple duty in the position my country has called me to fill. I have labored hard to promote the comfort and health of those placed under my cars. But this evidence of your love and respect amply repays me for all my vigilance and told for your welfare. I thank you all most slocarely for this valuable gift, and although it belongs not strictly to my profession, yet, if occasion should ever occur for its use, I will wield it with a strong arm and a true heart, in the sacred cause of liberty and our great and glorious country.

The necessity which has called us to this

cause of liberty and our great and glorious country.

The necossity which has called us to this field if labor is a sad one. Yet our associations and intercourse have been of the most pleasant character. Occasions like this cheer the heart and encourage us all to renewed extensions to alleviate the sufferings and minister to the wants of our brave but ufflicted fellowed the suffering and minister. soldiers—men who have nobly forsaken home, friends, and all the dearest objects of their hearts, to do battle for the maintenance of our Constitution and the salvation of our beloved country, the greatest and best the world

has ever seen.

My kind friends, you will excuse me from saying mere. My heart is too full for utterance. Again allow me to thack you, from my heart, for this precious gift, this valued token of your appreciation of my bumble services.

WILL NEGROES WORK

ton Kingdom," page 239, we find a quotation from the "Southern Cultivator," a standard work in all the economics of slave labor agriculture. It is introduced by Mr. Olmsted for another purpose; but we here reproduce it, (the italicising being our own.) for the purpose of showing for what purposes negrous will some times work very hard:

• Most persons allow their negroes to cuitivate a small crop of their own. For a number of reasons the practice is a bed one. It is next to impossible to keep them from working the crop on the Subbath. They taker at night tehen they should be at rest. There is no saving more that to give them the same amount; for, like all other animals, the norro is only canable of other animals, the negro is only capable of doing a certain amount of work without injury. To this point he may be To this point he may be worked at his regular ack, and any labor beyond this is an injury to both master and slave."

If this Southern account is to be relied on. negroes, after doing task labor for their owners, will work "at night," and "on the Subbath, on their own little patches of land, not for subsistence, aircady provided for them, but for the indulgencies and extras which they may obtain by the sale of what they can raise. This es not tally with the idea that nothing will drive them to labor but the lash or starvation.

NEW YORK VOLUNTEERS .- The following pronotions have recently been made in the Fortyninth Regiment New York State volunteers. now at Camp Griffin, Virginia, division of Gen. Smith:

Second Lieutenant William Ellis, of company E, to be captain of company C, in place of -Palmer, resigned. Seward H. Terry, corporal of company G, to be second li-utemant, vice J.

G. Thompson, resigned First Lieutenant Philip S. Cottle, of company A, captain, in place of H. N. Marsh, resigned Second Livutenant Thomas Cluncy, first lieu tenant, vice Cottle, promoted; and Orderly Sergeant Franklin J. Foster, second lieutenant. vice Cluney, promoted.

THE HARRISHURG ROUTE TO WASHINGTON. This route was opened for the transportation of troops early last summer, and, as Secretary Cameron in his official report says, "has saved the country millions, not only by the reduction

the country millions, not only by the reduction of the rate of transportation between New York and Washington, but in fixing the rate at two cents per mile on all the railroads in the loyal States."

The route is now fully open to the public for the transportation of all miscellaneous freight its advantage is that it enables shippers to send large quantities of freight without change of cars, thus avoiding the danger and delay of reshipment. The capacity of the road is said to be unequalled. Recently one thousand horses and one thousand men were sent at once, making a train of one hundred and forty cars; all were

one thousand men were sent at once, making a train of one hundred and forty ears; all were sent through without change of cars.

We regard this route as of great importance to the Government and the people. Let us add that in the superintendent of the "Government Dispatch," Colonel A. D. Hope, the public have a rure guaranty that their interests will be fully protected, while the Government is faithfully served.—N. Y. Evening Post.

THE COMMISSARY DEPARTMENT has made contract for four thousand bead of earlie, with the privilege of taking ten thousand, at \$3.89 per hundred, live weight, to be delivered at Harrisburg, York, or Chambersburg, as will suit the Government. For the National Republican

Regimental Bande. As now the nation is verging on the state of bankruptcy, and as retrenchment appears to be the order of the day, I consider there is a good field to practice economy in the musical department of our army. Think of the enormous sums paid for the single luxury of music slone between four and five million dollar-

Over eighteen thousand dollars per annum for a single regiment. Our officers and men are better paid, clothed, and fed, than any other army in the world; and I think, if they want music, they should pay for it, or be satisfied with the martial strains of the drum and fie, thereby saving a heavy burden from Uncle Sam.

is an end with the martial strains of the drum and fife, thereby saving a heavy burden from Uncie Sam.

To take the present law as it stands, is very unfair. Members of regiments would wish to have music as well as their neighbors, but since the order from the Secretary of War prohibiting bands to be mustered into the service, they are unable to have them, unless they engage them privately, as several regiments have already done. Is this justice to the regiments recruited since said order? I think not. Either allow all the privilege or abolish bands in our volunteer force,

It is a fact well known to every musician in the army, that if any band were to lose three or four of their principal performers, which they are liable to do at any time, through sick ness or the many casualties attending war, the would be unable to play with any degree of proficiency. Yet no vacancy can be filled up, and the Government would have to pay, feed, and keep an organization which does no credit to themselves or regiment.

Mr. Editor, I have shown how a vast amount.

and the government and the government and keep an organization which does no organization which does no organization themselves or regiment.

Mr. Editor, I have shown how a vast amount may be saved the Government. Yet it they are willing to continue the system, in justice allow each and every regiment in our patriotic army to have equal privileges.

Trusting this subject will meet with the consideration it merits, I am, sir, yours truly, a Younyreen.

A Lesson from the Knemy.

(From the Richmond Dispatch of January 2 ]

The developments of the last four weeks of the war have been the most remarkable that have occurred during its entire progress. The beginning of December saw the Yaukees in full force, apparently ready for declaive battle at all the important points of the frontier. On the Potomac they but the best appointed army on the continent, stated by their own authority to be two hundred thousand strong. In Kentru by the same strong of the progression of the progressio (From the Richmond Dispatch of January 2 )

Zoilicoff r was pressed before Cumberlant Gap by a force more than double his owt; Pound Gap was at the mercy of Nelson, havin; only a theu-and men to oppose against texthousand; Rosecrans was on the Gauley withousand; Rosecrans was on the Gauley withousand; Rosecrans was on the Gauley withousand strong against Floyd, havin; only twenty three hundred; Reynolds was on Cheat Mountain with five thousand, opposed by J-hason, with only twelve or fourteen nundred; and Sherman had succeeded in landing fifteen or twenty thousand men at Beautor. dred; and Sherman had succeeded in landing fifteen or twenty thousand men at Beautor, while we had in that region at that time, but a few thousand forces, livile better than militin, poorly provided with arms and ammunition. And to crown all, the splendid weather invited them to the charge.

Then was presented the golden opportunity to sirike at every one of these points. Bold, effective blows, stricken then simultaneously by all their armies, could not have failed it crush our strength in several quarters, and put

rush our strength in several quarters, and pr claim our strength in several quarters, and put a gloomy free upon our affairs. Success to Columbus and Bowling Green would have been almost annihilating to our fortunes in the West. Success at Cumberland and Pound Gapet would have cut our connections with Tennesses.

ee and Kentucky irretrievably.

would have cut our connections with Tennessee and Kentucky irretrievably.

Success in capturing our army in the Kanewha would have laid open all middle Westert Virginia next spring to, the easy invasion of the enemy. A vigorous push from Beaufor up n the Charleston and Savannah ratirous would have a parated those two cities, and on our army of the scaboard in two.

But the enemy have let the guiden opportunity slip through their lingers. They hav allowed us time to make good our differences in every threatened quarter. The energy of the Southern people has been aroused by the inminent danger, and we are now safe in every point where before we were so vinterable. Our danger is passed, and we are now at theerty to speculate upon the blindness or imberility which prevented the enemy from using an opportunity which will never return to him."

CAPTURED AND DESTROYED.-The Navy Department have information that on the 24.11 altimo, the U.S. vessel Gem of the Seas, Acong Volunteer Lieutenant Baxter commandin. an on shore at the entrance to Georgetown ( O) harbor, the English schooner Prince
Wales, from Nassau, N. P., laden with sait an toranges, and burned her. She was endeavoring to run the blockade, and paid no attention to the orders to heave to. In her haste she ran to run the blockade, and paid no attention tothe orders to heave to. In her baste she rait
ashore, when the James Adger came up within
two miles, and her commander sent his bears
to the assistance of Lieut. Baxter, which tegether proceeded to the Prince of Wales, agreandinside, and found her abandoned and set on ifr.
By laboring some hours they extinguished that
flames and got silvat, when in getting her our,
she ran aground again.

The rebuls, to the number of 150, then commenced a fire on the men and boats of the two-

The reliefs, to the number of 150, then commenced a fire on the men and boats of the two U.S. steamers so engaged. The latter abandoned the attempt to get off the schooner, and themselves, in turn, set her on fire, ere turning their attention to the rebels, whom they short afterwards despersed, without a single casualty from their shots. The Prince of Wales was applied by hurned, with her cargo. ompletely burned, with her cargo.

GEN. EUILER'S EXPEDITION.—The order for the debarkation of the troops of Gen. Butler's expedition on board the Constitution, at Bo-ton, has been countermanded. The Constitu-PAYMENT OF THE TROOPS.—The payment of our troops acress the Potomac is being burried through as rapidly as possible. Several regiments have been paid, and the remainder will doubtless be paid within the next week.